2020 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet

CITY OF LYTLE

No-New-Revenue Tax Rate

The NNR tax rate enables the public to evaluate the relationship between taxes for the prior year and for the current year based on a tax rate that would produce the same amount of taxes (no new taxes) if applied to the same properties that are taxed in both years. When appraisal values increase, the NNR tax rate should decrease.

The NNR tax rate for a county is the sum of the NNR tax rates calculated for each type of tax the county levies.

While uncommon, it is possible for a taxing unit to provide an exemption for only maintenance and operations taxes. In this case, the taxing unit will need to calculate the NNR tax rate separately for the maintenance and operations tax and the debt tax, then add the two components together.

	the doct tax, then add the two components together.	200
	tax roll today. Include any adjustments since last year's certification; exclude Tax Code Section 25.25(d) one-fourth and one-third over-appraisal corrections from these adjustments. Exclude any property value subject to an appeal under Chapter 42 as of July 25 (will add undisputed value in Line 6). This total includes the taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in Line 2) and the captured value for tax increment financing (will deduct taxes in Line 17). 1	\$181,306,741
2	2019 tax ceilings. Counties, Cities and Junior College Districts. Enter 2019 total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. Other units enter "0" If your taxing units adopted the tax ceiling provision in 2019 or prior year for homeowners age 65 or older or disabled, use this step. ²	\$101,300,74
3	Preliminary 2019 adjusted taxable value. Subtract line 2 from line 1.	\$181,306,741
	2019 total adopted tax rate.	\$0.447500/\$100
5	2019 taxable value lost because court appeals of ARB decisions reduced 2019 appraised value. A. Original 2019 ARB values: B. 2019 values resulting from final court decisions: C. 2019 value loss. Subtract B from A. ³	
6.	2019 taxable value subject to an appeal under Chapter 42, as of July 25. A. 2019 ARB certified value: B. 2019 dispuated value: C. 2019 undisputed value. Subtract B from A. ⁴	\$0 \$2,050,900
7.	2019 Chapter 42 related adjusted values. Add line 5 and line 6.	
	2019 taxable value, adjusted for actual and potential court-ordered adjustments. Add line 3 and line 7.	\$2,050,900

¹ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(14)

² Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(14)

³ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(13)

⁴ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(13)

No-New-Revenue Tax Rate (continued)

	2019 taxable value of property in territory the taxing unit deannexed after January 1, 2019. Enter the 2019 value of property in deannexed territory. ⁵	\$
10	in 2020. If the taxing unit increased an original exemption, use the difference between the original exempted amount and the increased exempted amount. Do not include value lost due to freeport, goods-in-transit, temporary disaster exemptions. Note that lowering the amount or percentage of an existing exemption in 2020 does not create a new exemption or reduce taxable value. A. Absolute exemptions. Use 2019 market value: B. Partial exemptions. 2020 exemption amount or 2020 percentage exemption times 2019 value: C. Value loss. Add A and B.6	\$524,530
11.	2019 taxable value lost because property first qualified for agricultural appraisal (1-d or 1-d-1), timber appraisal, recreational/scenic appraisal or public access airport special appraisal in 2020. Use only those properties that first qualified in 2020; do not use properties that qualified in 2019. A. 2019 market value: \$76,482 B. 2020 productivity or special appraised value: - \$1,400 C. Value loss. Subtract B from A. ⁷	
12.	Total adjustments for lost value. Add lines 9, 10C and 11C.	\$75,082
13.	Adjusted 2019 taxable value. Subtract line 12 from line 8.	\$599,612
	Adjusted 2019 total levy. Multiply line 4 by line 13 and divide by \$100.	\$182,758,029
15.	Taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2019. Enter the amount of taxes refunded by the taxing unit for tax years preceding tax year 2019. Types of refunds include court decisions, Tax Code § 25.25(b) and (c) corrections and Tax Code § 31.11 payment errors. Do not include refunds for tax year 2019. This line applies only to tax years preceding tax year 2019.	\$817,842 \$4,471
16.	Taxes in tax increment financing (TIF) for tax year 2019. Enter the amount of taxes paid into the tax increment fund for a reinvestment zone as agreed by the taxing unit. If the unit has no 2020 captured appraised value in Line 18D, enter "0".9	
17.	Adjusted 2019 levy with refunds and TIF adjustment. Add lines 14 and 15, subtract line 16.10	\$0
		\$822,313

⁵ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(15)

⁶ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(15)

⁷ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(15)

⁸ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(13)

⁹ Tex. Tax Code § 26.03(c)

¹⁰ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(13)

No-New-Revenue Tax Rate (continued)

18.	Total 2020 taxable value on the 2020 certified appraisal roll today. This value includes only certified values or certified estimate of values and includes the total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in line 20).	
	These homesteads includes homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. 11	S 8
	A. Certified values:	
	B. Counties: Include railroad rolling stock values \$181,131,353	3
	certified by the Comptroller's office: + \$0)
	exemption: Deduct the value of property exempted for the current tax year for the first time as pollution control or energy storage system	
	property:	
	captured appraised value of property taxable by a taxing unit in a tax increment financing zone for	
	increment fund. Do not include any new property	
	E. Total 2020 value. Add A and B, then subtract C and D.	2
40		\$181,131,3
19.	Total value of properties under protest or not included on certified appraisal roll. ¹³	
1	appraisal foll.	
	A. 2020 taxable value of properties under protest. The chief appraiser certifies a list of properties still under ARB protest. The list shows the appraisal	¥
٠	any or an estimate of the value if the taxpayer wins. For each of the properties under protect	
	the lowest of these values. Enter the total value	
	under protest. ¹⁴ \$6,744,155	100
	included on certified appraisal roll. The chief appraiser gives taxing units a list of those taxable properties that the chief appraiser knows about but are not included at appraisal roll certification.	
	properties also are not on the list of properties that are still under protest. On this list of properties, the chief appraiser includes the market	
		W
	value, appraised value and exemptions for the preceding year and a reasonable estimate of the	
	value, appraised value and exemptions for the	

¹¹ Tex. Tax Code § 26.12, 26.04(c-2)

¹² Tex. Tax Code § 26.03(c)

¹³ Tex. Tax Code § 26.01(c) and (d)

¹⁴ Tex. Tax Code § 26.01(c)

¹⁵ Tex. Tax Code § 26.01(d)

No-New-Revenue Tax Rate (concluded)

19. (cont.)		C 744.45
20.	2020 tax ceilings. Counties, cities and junior colleges enter 2020 total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. Other taxing units enter "0". If your taxing units adopted the tax ceiling provision in 2019 or a prior year for homeowners age 65 or older or disabled, use this step. ¹⁶	\$6,744,15 \$6,744,15
21.	2020 total taxable value. Add lines 18E and 19C. Subtract line 20. ¹⁷	\$187,875,508
22.	Total 2020 taxable value of properties in territory annexed after January 1, 2019. Include both real and personal property. Enter the 2020 value of property in territory annexed. ¹⁸	\$0
	Total 2020 taxable value of new improvements and new personal property located in new improvements. New means the item was not on the appraisal roll in 2019. An improvement is a building, structure, fixture or fence erected on a fixed to land. New additions to existing improvements may be included if the appraised value can be determined. New personal property in a new improvement must have been brought into the taxing unit after January 1, 2019 and be located in a new improvement. New improvements do include property on which a tax abatement agreement has expired for 2020.	\$963,504
4	Total adjustments to the 2020 taxable value. Add lines 22 and 23.	
25.	Adjusted 2020 taxable value. Subtract line 24 from line 21.	\$963,504
	2020 NNR tax rate. Divide line 17 by line 25 and multiply by \$100. ²⁰	\$186,912,004
27.	COUNTIES ONLY. Add together the NNR tax rates for each type of tax the ounty levies. The total is the 2020 county NNR tax rate. ²¹	\$0.4399/\$100 \$/\$100

16 Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(6)(B)

17 Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(6)

18 Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(17)

19 Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(17)

20 Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(c)

21 Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(d)

Voter-Approval Tax Rate

The voter-approval tax rate is the highest tax rate that a taxing unit may adopt without holding an election to seek voter approval of the rate. The voter-approval tax rate is split into two separate rates:

1. Maintenance and Operations (M&O) Tax Rate: The M&O portion is the tax rate that is needed to raise the same amount of taxes that the taxing unit levied in the prior year plus the applicable percentage allowed by law. This rate accounts for such things as salaries, utilities and day-to-day operations.

2. **Debt Rate:** The debt rate includes the debt service necessary to pay the taxing unit's debt payments in the coming year. This rate accounts for principal and interest on bonds and other debt secured by property tax revenue.

The voter-approval tax rate for a county is the sum of the voter-approval tax rates calculated for each type of tax the county levies. In most cases the voter-approval tax rate exceeds the no-new-revenue tax rate, but occasionally decreases in a taxing unit's debt service will cause the NNR tax rate to be higher than the voter-approval tax rate.

	cot service will cause the NNR tax rate to be higher than the voter-approval tax rate.	
- 1	2019 M&O tax rate. Enter the 2019 M&O tax rate.	\$0.3395/\$100
29.	2019 taxable value, adjusted for actual and potential court-ordered adjustments. Enter the amount in line 8 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$183,357,641
30.	Total 2019 M&O levy. Multiply line 28 by line 29 and divide by \$100.	
31.	Adjusted 2019 levy for calculating NNR M&O taxes. A. 2019 sales tax specifically to reduce property taxes. For cities, counties and hospital districts, enter the amount of additional sales tax collected and spent on M&O expenses in 2019, if any. Other taxing units, enter 0. Counties must exclude any amount that was spent for economic development grants from the amount of sales tax spent. B. M&O taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2019: Enter the amount of M&O taxes refunded in the preceding year for taxes before that year. Types of refunds include court decisions, Tax Code Section 25.25(b) and (c) corrections and Tax Code Section 31.11 payment errors. Do not include refunds for tax year 2019. This line applies only to tax years preceding tax year 2019. C. 2019 taxes in TIF.: Enter the amount of taxes paid into the tax increment fund for a reinvestment zone as agreed by the taxing unit. If the taxing unit has no 2020 captured appraised value in Line 18D, enter 0. -\$0	\$622,499

Voter-Approval Tax Rate (continued)

		Dorest annual Control	
Committee to the control of the cont	 D. 2019 transferred function.: If discontinuing all of a department, function or activity and transferring it to another taxing unit by written contract, enter the amount spent by the taxing unit discontinuing the function in the 12 months preceding the month of this calculation. If the taxing unit did not operate this function for this 12-month period, use the amount spent in the last full fiscal year in which the taxing unit operated the function. The taxing unit discontinuing the function will subtract this amount in E below. The taxing unit receiving the function will add this amount in E below. Other taxing units enter 0. E. 2019 M&O levy adjustments.: Add A and B, then subtract C. For taxing unit with D, subtract if discontinuing function and add if receiving function. F. Add line 30 to line 31E. 	+/- \$0 \$419,762	
			\$1,042,26
52. E	Adjusted 2020 taxable value. Enter the amount in line 25 of the <i>No-New-Revenue Tax Rate</i>	e Worksheet.	\$186,912,00
33. 2	2020 NNR M&O rate. (unadjusted) Divide line 31 by line 32 and multiply by \$100.		\$0.5576/\$10
34. R	Rate adjustment for state criminal justice mandate. ²³		Ψ0.3376/\$10
<i>A</i>	A. 2020 state criminal justice mandate. Enter the amount spent by a county in the previous 12 months providing for the maintenance and operation cost of keeping inmates in county-paid facilities after they have been sentenced. Do not include any state reimbursement received by the county for the same purpose.		
E	3. 2019 criminal justice mandate. Enter the amount spent by a county in the 12 months prior to the previous 12 months providing for the maintenance and operation cost of keeping	\$0	
The state of the s	inmates in county-paid facilities after they have been sentenced. Do not include any state reimbursement received by the county for the		
1	Inmates in county-paid facilities after they have been sentenced. Do not include any state reimbursement received by the county for the same purpose. Enter zero if this is the first time the mandate applies. Subtract B from A and divide by line 32 and multiply by \$100.	\$0 \$0/\$100	
ide and a second	Inmates in county-paid facilities after they have been sentenced. Do not include any state reimbursement received by the county for the same purpose. Enter zero if this is the first time the mandate applies. Subtract B from A and divide by line 32 and	\$0 \$0/\$100	\$0/\$100

^{22 [}Reserved for expansion] 23 Tex. Tax Code § 26.044

Voter-Approval Tax Rate (continued)

_	-prioral tax Nate (continued)		
35.	Rate adjustment for indigent health care expenditures. ²⁴		
	A. 2020 indigent health care expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a taxing unit providing for the maintenance and operation cost of providing indigent health care for the period beginning on July 1, 2019 and ending on June 30, 2020, less any state assistance received for the same purpose.		
	B. 2019 indigent health care expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a taxing unit providing for the maintenance and operation cost of providing indigent health care for the period beginning on July 1, 2018 and ending on June 30, 2019, less any state assistance received for the same	\$0	
	purpose.	\$0	
	C. Subtract B from A and divide by line 32 and multiply by \$100.D. Enter the rate calculated in C. If not applicable, enter 0.	\$0/\$100	2
36 1			\$0/\$100
	Rate adjustment for county indigent defense compensation A. 2020 indigent defense compensation expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a county to provide appointed counsel for indigent individuals for the period beginning on July 1, 2019 and ending on June 30, 2020, less any state grants received by the county for the same purpose.		
. E	B. 2019 indigent defense compensation expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a county to provide appointed counsel for indigent individuals for the period beginning on July 1, 2018 and ending on June 30, 2019, less any state grants received by the county for the same	\$0	
(purpose. C. Subtract B from A and divide by line 32 and	\$0	
	multiply by \$100.	\$0/\$100	
	 Multiply B by 0.05 and divide by line 32 and multiply by \$100. 	\$0/\$100	
F	E. Enter the lessor of C and D. If not applicable, enter 0.	φ0/φ100	
	Officer U.		\$0/\$100

24 Tex. Tax Code § 26.0442 25 Tex. Tax Code § 26.0442

Voter-Approval Tax Rate (continued)

Total Applova	ar rax reate (continued)		
A. 2020 Enter mun cour 2019 B. 2019 Enter mun cour 2018 C. Subt multi multi E. Enter	Justment for county hospital expenditures. 26 O eligible county hospital expenditures. 26 or the amount paid by the county or 30 icipality to maintain and operate an eligible 30 or the period beginning on July 1, 30 or eligible county hospital expenditures. 30 or the amount paid by the county or 30 icipality to maintain and operate an eligible 30 or the period beginning on July 1, 30 or the normal and divide by line 32 and 30 ply by \$100. ply B by 0.08 and divide by line 32 and 31 ply by \$100. or the lessor of C and D, if applicable. If not 32 cable, enter 0.	\$0 \$0 \$0/\$100 \$0/\$100	
38. Adjuste	d 2020 NNR M&O rate. s 33, 34D, 35D, 36E, and 37E.		\$0/\$100 \$0.5576/\$100
Spec a spe Other qualify 1,035 Taxing the tax disast person calcula taxing calcula until tr taxable exceed which year a occurr	ial Taxing Unit. If the taxing unit qualifies as cial taxing unit, multiply line 38 by 1.08. Taxing Unit. If the taxing unit does not y as a special taxing unit, multiply Line 38 by	lated by the appropriate	

26 Tex. Tax Code § 26.0443 27 Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(c-1)

Voter-Approval Tax Rate (concluded)

	Total 2020 debt to be paid with property taxes and additional sales tax revenue. Debt means the interest and principal that will be paid on debts that:	3
	(1) are paid by property taxes, (2) are secured by property taxes	7 7
	(3) are scheduled for payment over a period longer than one year, and (4) are not classified in the taxing unit's budget as M&O expenses.	
	A: Debt also includes contractual payments to other taxing units that have incurred debts on behalf of this taxing unit, if those debts meet the four conditions above. Include only amounts that will be paid from property tax revenue. Do not include	
	appraisal district budget payments	
	B: Subtract unencumbered fund amount used to	
	C: Subtract certified amount spent from sales tay to	
	reduce dept (enter zero if none).	
	D. Subtract amount paid from other resources	
	E: Adjusted debt. Subtract B, C and D from A.	\$113,42
41	Certified 2019 excess debt collections. Enter the amount certified by the collector. 28	9
42	Adjusted 2020 debt. Subtract line 41 from line 40E.	
	2020 anticipated collection rate.	\$113,42
	A. Enter the 2020 anticipated collection rate	
	certified by the collector. ²⁹	
	B. Enter the 2019 actual collection rate.	
	C. Enter the 2018 actual collection rate. 90.0000%	
	D. Enter the 2017 actual collection rate. 90.000%	
	E. If the anticipated collection rate in A is lower than actual collection rates in B. C. and D. enter the	
	lowest collection rate from B. C. and D. If the	
	lowest collection rate from B, C and D, enter the anticipated rate in A is higher than at least one of	
	lowest collection rates in B, C and D, enter the lowest collection rate from B, C and D. If the anticipated rate in A is higher than at least one of the rates in the prior three years, enter the rate from A. Note that the rate can be greater than	
	lowest collection rate from B, C and D, enter the anticipated rate in A is higher than at least one of	90 0000%
44.	lowest collection rates in B, C and D, enter the lowest collection rate from B, C and D. If the anticipated rate in A is higher than at least one of the rates in the prior three years, enter the rate from A. Note that the rate can be greater than 100%. 30	
	lowest collection rates in B, C and D, enter the lowest collection rate from B, C and D. If the anticipated rate in A is higher than at least one of the rates in the prior three years, enter the rate from A. Note that the rate can be greater than	\$126,027
45.	lowest collection rate from B, C and D, enter the lowest collection rate from B, C and D. If the anticipated rate in A is higher than at least one of the rates in the prior three years, enter the rate from A. Note that the rate can be greater than 100%. 30 2020 debt adjusted for collections. Divide line 42 by line 43E. 2020 total taxable value. Enter the amount on line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$126,027 \$187,875,508
45. 46.	lowest collection rate from B, C and D, enter the lowest collection rate from B, C and D. If the anticipated rate in A is higher than at least one of the rates in the prior three years, enter the rate from A. Note that the rate can be greater than 100%. 30 2020 debt adjusted for collections. Divide line 42 by line 43E. 2020 total taxable value. Enter the amount on line 21 of the Ma Manual.	90.0000% \$126,027 \$187,875,508 \$0.067/\$100 \$0.6441/\$100

²⁸ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(10) and 16.04(b)

²⁹ Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(b) 30 Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(h),(h-1) and (h-2)

NNR Tax Rate and Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustments for Additional Sales Tax to Reduce Property Taxes Cities, counties and hospital districts may levy a sales tax specifically to reduce property taxes. Local voters by election must approve imposing or abolishing the additional sales tax. If approved, the taxing unit must reduce its NNR and voterapproval tax rates to offset the expected sales tax revenue. This section should only be completed by a county, city or hospital district that is required to adjust its NNR tax rate and/or

voter-approval tax rate because it adopted the additional sales tax.

	Fred the additional sales tax.	
49	May 2020, enter the Comptroller's estimate of taxable sales for the previous four quarters. 32 Estimates of taxable sales may be obtained through the Comptroller's Allocation Historical Summary webpage. Taxing units that adopted the sales tax before November 2019, skip this line.	\$
50	Estimated sales tax revenue. Counties exclude any amount that is or will be spent for economic development grants from the amount of estimated sales tax revenue. ³³	
	Taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2019 or in May 2020. Multiply the amount on Line 49 by the sales tax rate (.01, .005, or .0025, as applicable) and multiply the result by .95. ³⁴	8
	-OR-	- a
	Taxing units that adopted the sales tax before November 2019. Enter the sales tax revenue for the previous four quarters. Do not multiply by .95.	\$429,70
51.	2020 total taxable value. Enter the amount from line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$187,875,50
52.	Sales tax adjustment rate. Divide line 50 by line 51 and multiply by \$100.	\$0.2287/\$10
53.	2020 NNR tax rate, unadjusted for sales tax. ³⁵ Enter the rate from line 26 or 27, as applicable, on the <i>No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.</i>	
54.	2020 NNR tax rate, adjusted for sales tax.	\$0.4399/\$100
	Taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2019 or in May 2020. Subtract line 52 from line 53. Skip to line 55 if you adopted the additional sales tax before November 2019.	\$0.4200/\$400
55.	2020 voter-approval tax rate, unadjusted for sales tax. ³⁶ Enter the rate from line 47 or 48, as applicable, of the Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$0.4399/\$100 \$0.6441/\$100
56.	2020 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for sales tax. Subtract line 52 from line 55.	
-		\$0.4154/\$100

^{31 [}Reserved for expansion]

³² Tex. Tax Code § 26.041(d)

³³ Tex. Tax Code § 26.041(i)

³⁴ Tex. Tax Code § 26.041(d)

³⁵ Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(c)

³⁶ Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(c)

Voter-Approval Rate Adjustment for Pollution Control

A taxing unit may raise its rate for M&O funds used to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution. This includes any land, structure, building, installation, excavation, machinery, equipment or device that is used, constructed, acquired or installed wholly or partly to meet or exceed pollution control requirements. The taxing unit's expenses are those necessary to meet the requirements of a permit issued by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). The taxing unit must provide the tax assessor with a copy of the TCEQ letter of determination that states the portion of the cost of the installation for pollution control.

This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that uses M&O funds to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution.

57.	Certified expenses from the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). Enter the amount certified in the determination letter from TCEQ. ³⁷	
	The taxing unit shall provide its tax assessor-collector with a copy of the letter. 38	\$0
58.	2020 total taxable value. Enter the amount from line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$187,875,508
59.	Additional rate for pollution control. Divide line 57 by line 58 and multiply by 100.	
	2020 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for pollution control. Add line 59 to one of the following lines (as applicable): line 47, line 48 (counties) or line 56 (units with the additional sales tax).	\$0/\$100
	(units with the additional sales tax).	\$0.4154/\$100

37 Tex. Tax Code § 26.045(d)

38 Tex. Tax Code § 26.045(i)

Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Unused Increment Rate

The unused increment rate is the rate equal to the difference between the adopted tax rate and voter-approval tax rate before the unused increment rate for the prior three years. ³⁹ In a year where a taxing unit adopts a rate by applying any portion of the unused increment rate, the unused increment rate for that year would be zero.

For each tax year before 2020, the difference between the adopted tax rate and voter-approval rate is considered zero, therefore the unused increment rate for 2020 is zero. 40

This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that does not meet the definition of a special taxing unit. 41

61.	2019 unused increment rate. Subtract the 2019 actual tax rate and the 2019 unused increment rate from the 2019 voter-approval tax rate. If the number is	
n e	icos than zero, enter zero. If the year is prior to 2020, enter zero.	\$0/\$100
	2018 unused increment rate. Subtract the 2018 actual tax rate and the 2018 unused increment rate from the 2018 voter-approval tax rate. If the number is less than zero, enter zero. If the year is prior to 2020, enter zero.	\$0/\$100
1	2017 unused increment rate. Subtract the 2017 actual tax rate and the 2017 unused increment rate from the 2017 voter-approval tax rate. If the number is less than zero, enter zero. If the year is prior to 2020, enter zero.	\$0/\$100
64.	2020 unused increment rate. Add lines 61, 62, and 63.	\$0/\$100
	2020 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for unused increment rate. Add line 64 to one of the following lines (as applicable): line 47, line 48 (counties), line 56 (taxing units with the additional sales tax) or line 60 (taxing units with pollution control).	\$0.4154/\$100

39 Tex. Tax Code § 26.013(a)

40 Tex. Tax Code § 26.013(c)

41 Tex. Tax Code § 26.063(a)(1)

De Minimis Rate

The de minimis rate is the rate equal to the sum of the no-new-revenue maintenance and operations rate, the rate that will raise \$500,000, and the current debt rate for a taxing unit. 42

This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that is a municipality of less than 30,000 or a taxing unit that does not meet the definition of a special taxing unit. 43

66.	Adjusted 2020 NNR M&O tax rate. Enter the rate from line 38 of the Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$0 EE76/\$400
67.	2020 total taxable value. Enter the amount from line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$0.5576/\$100
68.	Rate necessary to impose \$500,000 in taxes. Divide \$500,000 by line 67 and multiply by \$100.	\$187,875,508 \$0.2661/\$100
69.	2020 debt rate. Enter the rate from line 46 of the Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet.	
70.	De minimis rate. Add lines 66,68, and 69.	\$0.067/\$100 \$0.8907/\$100

⁴² Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(8-a) 43 Tex. Tax Code § 26.063(a)(1)

Total Tax Rate

Indicate the applicable total tax rates as calculated above.

No-New-Revenue tax rate. As applicable, enter the 2020 NNR tax rate from: line 26, line 27 (counties), or line 54 (adjusted for sales tax).

\$0.4399/\$100

Voter-approval tax rate. As applicable, enter the 2020 voter-approval tax rate from: line 47, line 48 (counties), line 56 (adjusted for sales tax), line 60 (adjusted for pollution control), or line 65 (adjusted for unused increment).

\$0.4154/\$100

De minimis rate. If applicable, enter the de minimis rate from line 70.

\$0.8907/\$100

Taxing Unit Representative Name and Signature

Enter the name of the person preparing the tax rate as authorized by the governing body of the taxing unit. By signing below, you certify that you are the designated officer or employee of the taxing unit and have calculated the tax rates in accordance with requirements in Tax Code. 44

Print Here

Printed Name of Taxing Unit Representative

Sign Here

Taxing Unit Representative

Date

44 Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(c)

2020 Notice of No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet for Calculation of Tax Increase/Decrease

Entity Name: CITY OF LYTLE	
Time. CITT Of ETTEE	Date: 09/04/202
	1202
1.2019 taxable value, adjusted for actual and potential court-ordered adjustments.	
Enter line 8 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	
2.2019 total tax rate.	\$183,357,641
Enter line 4 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	
3. Taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2019.	0.447500
Enter line 15 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	
4. Last year's levy.	\$4,471
Multiply Line 1 times Line 2 and divide by 100.	
To the result, add Line 3.	
5.2020 total taxable value. Enter Line 21 of	\$824,996
the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	
6.2020 no-new tax rate.	\$187,875,508
Enter line 26 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet or Line 54	
of the Additional Sales Tax Rate Worksheet.	
7.2020 taxes if a tax rate equal to the no-new-revenue tax rate is adopted.	0.211200
Multiply Line 5 times Line 6 and divide by 100.	
8. Last year's total levy.	\$396,793
Sum of line 4 for all funds.	
9.2020 total taxes if a tax rate equal to the no-new-revenue tax rate is adopted.	\$824,996
Sum of mie / for all funds.	
10.Tax Increase (Decrease).	\$396,793
Subtract Line 8 from Line 9.	
	\$(428,203)

CITY OF LYTLE Tax Rate Recap for 2020 Tax Rates

Description of Rate	Tax Rate Per \$100	Tax Levy This is calculated using the Total Adjusted Taxable Value (line 21) of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet	Additional Tax Levy Compared to <u>last year's</u> <u>tax levy</u> of 811,348	Additional Tax Levy Compared to no-new-revenue tax rate levy of 826,464
Last Year's Tax Rate	0.447500	\$840,743	\$29,395	\$14,279
No-New-Revenue Tax Rate	0.439900	\$826,464	\$15,117	
Notice & Hearing Limit	0.415400	\$780,435	\$-30,913	\$0
Voter-Approval Tax Rate	0.415400	\$780,435		\$-46,029
Proposed Tax Rate	0.415400	\$780,435	\$-30,913 \$-30,913	\$-46,029 \$-46,029
No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Inco	rease in Cents per \$1	826,464		0 10,022
0.50	0.444900	835,858	15,117	. (
1.00	0.449900	845,252	24,510 33,904	9,394
1.50	0.454900	854,646	43,298	18,788
2.00	0.459900	864,039	52,692	28,181
2.50	0.464900	873,433	62,086	37,575
.50	0.469900	882,827	71,479	46,969
	0.474900	892,221	80,873	56,363
.50	0.479900	901,615	90,267	65,756 75,150
.00	0.484900	911,008	99,661	84,544
.50	0.489900	920,402	109,054	93,938
.00	0.494900	929,796	118,448	103,332
50	0.499900	939,190	127,842	112,725
00	0.504900	948,583	137,236	122,119
50	0.509900	957,977	146,630	131,513
00	0.514900 0.519900	967,371	156,023	140,907
50	0.524900	976,765	165,417	150,300
00	0.529900	986,159	174,811	159,694
50	0.534900	995,552	184,205	169,088
0.00	0.539900	1,004,946	193,598	178,482
.50	0.544900	1,014,340	202,992	187,876
.00	0.549900	1,023,734 1,033,127	212,386	197,269
.50	0.554900	1,042,521	221,780	206,663
.00	0.559900	1,042,321	231,174	216,057
.50	0.564900	1,061,309	240,567	225,451
.00	0.569900	1,070,703	249,961	234,844
.50	0.574900	1,080,096	259,355	244,238
00	0.579900	1,089,490	268,749 278,142	253,632
50	0.584900	1,098,884	2/8,142	263,026 272,419

Tax Levy:

This is calculated by taking the adjusted taxable value (line 21 of No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet), multiplying by the appropriate rate, such as the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate and dividing by 100.

For School Districts: This is calculated by taking the adjusted taxable value (line 34 of the Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet), multiplying by the appropriate rate, dividing by 100 and then adding this year's frozen tax levy on homesteads of the elderly.

Additional Levy This is calculated by taking Last Year's taxable value (line 3 of No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet), multiplying by Last Year's tax rate (line 4 of No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet) and dividing by 100.

> For School Districts: This is calculated by taking Last Year's taxable value, subtracting Last Year's taxable value for the elderly, multiplying by Last Year's tax rate, dividing by 100 and adding Last Year's tax ceiling.

This Year:

Additional Levy This is calculated by taking the current adjusted taxable value, multiplying by the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate and dividing by 100.

> For School Districts: This is calculated by taking the adjusted taxable value (line 34 of the Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet), multiplying by the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate, dividing by 100 and adding This Year's tax ceiling.

COUNTIES ONLY:

All figures in this worksheet include ALL County Funds. Tax Levy amounts are the sum of each Fund's Taxable Value X each Fund's Tax Rate.

Notice About 2020 Tax Rates

Property Tax Rates in CITY OF LYTLE. This notice concerns the 2020 property tax rates for CITY OF LYTLE. This notice provides information about two tax rates used in adopting the current tax year's tax rate. The no-new-revenue tax rate would Impose the same amount of taxes as last year if you compare properties taxed in both years. In most cases, the voter-approval tax rate is the highest tax rate a taxing unit can adopt without holding an election. In each case, these rates are calculated by dividing the total amount of taxes by the current taxable value with adjustments as required by state law. The rates are given per \$100 of property value.

This year's no-new-revenue tax rate:

\$0.439900/\$100

This year's voter-approval tax rate:

\$0.4154/\$100

To see the full calculations, please visit lytletx.org for a copy of the Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet.

Unencumbered Fund Balances:

The following estimated balances will be left in the taxing unit's accounts at the end of the fiscal year. These balances are not encumbered by corresponding debt obligation.

Type of Fund GENERAL FUND

Balance

\$0

Current Year Debt Service:

The following amounts are for long-term debts that are secured by property taxes. These amounts will be paid from upcoming property tax revenues (or additional sales tax revenues, if applicable).

Des	cription of Debt	Principal or Contract Payment to be Paid from Property Taxes	Interest to be Paid from Property Taxes	Other Amounts to be Paid	Total Payment
	VERAL OBLIGATION REFUNDING BONDS LES 2010	\$65,000	\$48,025	\$400	\$113,425
-	Total required for 2020 debt service Amount (if any) paid from funds listed in unen	cumbered funds			\$113,425
-	Amount (if any) paid from other resources			*	\$0
-	Excess collections last year				\$0
=	Total to be paid from taxes in 2020				\$0
+					\$113,425
	Amount added in anticipation that the taxing ur	nt will collect only 9	0.000000% of its tax	es in 2020	\$12,602
=	Total Debt Levy	, e	. 180		\$126,027

This notice contains a summary of the no-new-revenue and voter-approval calculations as certified by Name of person preparing this notice: BRANDI ROYAL

Position: Atascosa Central Appraisal District

Date prepared: August 31, 2020

TNT-883 05-20

The 86th Legislature modified the manner in which the voter-approval tax rate is calculated to limit the rate of growth of

The following table compares the taxes imposed on the average residence homestead by CITY OF LYTLE last year to the taxes proposed to the be imposed on the average residence homestead by CITY OF LYTLE this year.

2019		-		
	2019	2020	Change	
Total tax rate (per \$100 of value)	\$0.4475	\$0.4154	7.17% decrease	
Average homestead taxable value	\$121,497	\$125,443	3.24% increase	
Tax on average homestead	\$544	\$521	4.22% decrease	
Total tax levy on all properties	\$817,842	\$780,435	4.57% decrease	

For assistance with tax calculations, please contact the tax assessor for CITY OF LYTLE at 830-709-3692 or josiemcampa@yahoo.com.